





13. A balance can be used to measure .....

a) matter

b) mass

c) weight

14. giraffes , peacocks and butterfly are .....

a) insect / mammal / bird  
amphibian / insect

b) mammal/bird/insect

c) mammal /

15. A ..... is two or more different things put together.

a) mixture

b) dissolve

c) melt

16. .... is mix completely into the liquid.

a) mixture

b) dissolve

c) melt

17. To ..... means to change from a liquid to a solid.

a) freeze

b) melt

c) dissolve

18. To ..... means to change from a solid to a liquid.

a) freeze

b) melt

c) dissolve

19. To ..... is to go into the air as a gas.

a) freeze

b) evaporate

c) melt

20. when water vapor get cool , it changes in to a .....

a) liquid

b) solid

c) gas

(( ANSWER ))

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20



باسمہ تعالیٰ

دیپستان غیر دولتی مہر آیین (دورہ اول)

آزمون نوبت دوم

کلاس: ہشتم

نمرہ با عدد:

درس: سائنس

زمان: ۲۵ دقیقہ

نام و نام خانوادگی:

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*Choose the best :*

1. A microscopic amoeba and a giant squid are both .....  
a) Unicellulars                      b) multicellulars                      c) organisms
2. A cell .....  
a) is the smallest unit of living things                      b) is the smallest unit of organism  
c) a/b
3. where do cells come from?  
a) life processes                      b) other cells                      c) organisms
4. How cells do come from ? - by .....  
a) dividing                      b) splitting                      c) a/b
5. Unicellular is made of ....  
a) single cell                      b) more than one cell                      c) a / b
6. .... doesn't include "life processes" ?  
a) responding to an environment                      b) functions                      c) reproducing
7. Plant and animal cells have several basic structures , called .....  
a) organelles                      b) organisms                      c) organ systems
8. .... Is a layer around the cell .  
a) cell membrane                      b) cytoplasm                      c) nucleus
9. Cytoplasm is made mostly of .....  
a) water                      b) gel - like                      c) a/b
10. what's function of cytoplasm ?  
a) support all the cell's structure  
b) occupies the region from the nucleus to the cell membrane  
c) all of the cell's life processes take place in the cytoplasm.
11. which functions are controlled by a cell's nucleus?  
a) cell grow                      b) cell move and divide                      c) a/b
12. Each ..... is a tiny power plants.  
a) nucleus                      b) mitochondria                      c) vacuoles



13. cells that require a lot of energy usually have a great many .....

- a) Mitochondria                      b) Nucleus                      c) Vacuoles

14. Vacuoles is a membrane – covered structure use for .....

- a) storage                      b) supply energy                      c) controlled cell

15. some animal cells .....

- a) have many small vacuoles  
b) may not have any vacuoles                      c) a / b

16. what particle in the atom is involved in a chemical reaction?

- a) nuclei                      b)outer electrons                      c) a & b

17. What observation did Alfred Wegener make his theory( continental drift )?

- a) patterns of rocks and fossils                      b) sea- floor spreading                      c) a & b

18. plates move together so that one is subducted (carried down) under the other:

- a) Constructive boundaries                      b) Destructive boundaries                      c) Conservative boundaries

19. Marble and slate are examples for which types of rock in the Earth's crust?

- a)Igneous rocks                      b) Sedimentary rocks                      c) Metamorphic rocks

20. In a ..... the particles move very fast and chemical reactions can easily occur .

- a) solid                      b) liquid                      c) gas

(( ANSWER ))

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